

MIGHTY ROBERT PROTEST FROM 10,000 PULPITS.

REV. WM. R. CAMPBELL

BOX 1001

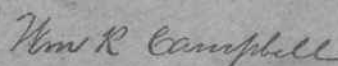
Salt Lake City, Utah

September 20, 1899.

My Dear Brother: THE SALT LAKE MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION, including in its membership the Methodist, Baptist, Congregational, Presbyterian, Episcopal and Lutheran ministers of Salt Lake City and vicinity, hereby sends greeting to all Christian ministers of every name throughout our land.

Earnestly protesting against the threatened perpetuation of the practice of polygamy in Utah, and in behalf of the Christian home and the fair name of our beloved land, we ask you, if you can consistently do so, to preach a sermon in defense of the Christian home on the last Sabbath of October, 1899, and to see that a general citizens' mass meeting is held in each county the following week to arouse public sentiment in favor of the expulsion of "Elder" Brigham H. Roberts, of Utah, from the House of Representatives, and in favor of a constitutional amendment prohibiting polygamy and polygamous cohabitation in every State and Territory of our Union.

By order of the said Ministerial Association.



Corresponding Secretary.

Copy of the Official Call to the Churches.

Ministers of Salt Lake request their brethren in all pulpits to arouse the national conscience.

Journal's Crusade Taken Up by Ministers of the Gospel in Every Part of the Land, Who Promise Salt Lake Pastors to Preach on the Last Sunday of This Month in Defence of the Christian Home.

THE Journal's crusade against the reception of Brigham H. Roberts, the polygamist, as a member in Congress has been taken up by an ally whose power is immeasurably great.

Ten thousand pulpits, in every part of America, will thunder a mighty protest in time to make it felt when Congress assembles a few weeks after.

This movement of the ministers of the Gospel throughout the nation was begun by the Salt Lake Ministerial Association, composed of the pastors of all Christian churches in that very centre of the Mormon campaign against the American home.

The sermons of October 29 will be reinforced by citizens' mass-meetings in every county in the following week.

The great national anti-polygamy movement inaugurated by the Journal is fast causing popular sentiment to take concrete form. From ten thousand as more pulpits in churches of all denominations on Sunday, October 29, there will rise a mighty protest against the deadly wrong that is threatened the purity of the American home by the growing insolence of the polygamists of Utah.

On that date the pastors of churches in nearly every city and town in the country, William R. Campbell, of the Salt Lake Ministerial Association, which includes the Methodist, Baptist, Congregational, Episcopal and Lutheran ministers, will preach an anti-Roberts sermon and at the close of the service arrange for a general citizens' mass meeting on a week day.

The corresponding secretary, the Rev. William R. Campbell, of the Salt Lake Ministerial Association, who sends out the call, in a recent letter to the editor of the Journal said: "I am very glad to hear that the Journal, which started the crusade, is to stay in the fight to the finish, and I congratulate you on the great service you are rendering the country by making this vigorous and winning fight."

An Untiring Fighter: When the Journal first inaugurated the movement, over a year ago, the Rev. Mr. Campbell came East and did much to increase interest in the great moral crusade by explaining the real condition of things in Utah to the heads of the various church denominations in this city.

He then said that he would gladly aid the Journal in every way possible to make the movement to cast out Roberts from the halls of Congress a success. He has labored constantly ever since for the cause. There is no man better informed than the Rev. Mr. Campbell in regard to the true inwardness of the Mormon situation. He has lived for several years in Utah and has been a careful student of the polygamists of that State. He knows Roberts and all the heads of the Mormon Church personally.

In response to his call for the great national anti-Roberts Sunday observance, he has received thousands of answers of protest. These letters received by Campbell prove beyond a doubt that on the last Sunday

of this month the churches of the country will do their full duty for the movement.

Main Facts as to Roberts. Accompanying the call sent out by Rev. Mr. Campbell for the great anti-Roberts Sunday meeting is a circular letter which says in part:

"The apologists of Mr. Roberts in various parts of the country are still industriously asserting that he married all his 'wives' before there was any law against polygamy, and they therefore maintain that it is too much to expect a man to put away 'wives' whom he married before it was unlawful for him to do so. This is just as false as the other statements referred to. Mr. Roberts married all his 'plural wives' long after the law against polygamy had gone into effect, and therefore each of them in wilful defiance of the laws of the country as well as in defiance of the moral conscience of civilized mankind."

Evidence in Abundance.

"Again, it is persistently claimed by Mr. Roberts's zealous but ignorant champions that he has obeyed the laws against polygamy ever since the manifesto of President Woodruff, of the Mormon Church, by which the said 'bigamous' 'suspected' practice of polygamy was 'suspended.' There will be abundant evidence presented to Congress to prove that Mr. Roberts has persistently denied these facts since he was imprisoned for this offence in 1889, and that his case has become very much aggravated since his imprisonment, because he has since that time taken an additional 'wife' and because of his continued wilful violation of the solemn pledges which were made by him and the other Mormon leaders in order that they might regain what they had lost by their past defiance of the laws of the land."

The Duty of the Nation.

"If Mr. Roberts is permitted to remain in Congress it will be because the moral sense of the American people has become so dull during the past few years that they no longer resent the insult offered them by the proposition to 'force polygamy' upon the American Congress. The very body which once, in response to the moral sentiment of the nation, so nobly stood for the maintenance of the cornerstones of our liberty and the cornerstones of our republican institutions."

"If Mr. Roberts is permitted to remain in Congress and we fail to get a Constitu-

tional amendment prohibiting the practice of polygamy, this anti-American institution will fasten itself upon this inter-mountain region, whence it will ultimately spread throughout the country, until some day the American people will have to rise in their might and crush it in order to prevent this nation from crumbling into dust. In the meantime thousands of hearts will be broken and multitudes of souls will be sacrificed to the demon of defiled land, while the very name of this fair land will come very near becoming a reproach in the eyes of the civilized world. The developments in the Dreyfus case have demonstrated no nation in this day can afford to run counter to the moral conscience of Christendom."

MORMON PRESIDENT MAY BE ARRESTED AFTER ALL.

Salt Lake Prosecutor, Instead of Refusing a Warrant, Takes Time to Consider.

Salt Lake, Oct. 11.—There was another surprise to-day in the case of Lorenzo Snow, the president of the Mormon Church. When the affidavit was filed a few days ago accusing President Snow of polygamy the County Attorney said he would decide on the question of issuing a warrant to-day.

The majority of the Mormons confidently expected that to-day he would decide not to issue the warrant, but greatly to their surprise, he requested that more time be given him to consider the information filed.

ROBERTS IS SURELY IN A FLIGHT FROM JUSTICE.

Even His Numerous Family Has No Idea Where the Congress-man-Elect Is.

Salt Lake, Utah, Oct. 11.—There is absolutely no question as to the cause of Polygamist Roberts's disappearance from Utah.

It became known to-night that even the members of his family are not aware of his whereabouts. It may be quite a difficult matter to find him.

YOUNG MAN SUES A GIRL FOR SLANDER.

Both Are Wealthy, but She Has Caused Him to Be Ostracised.

A young man has brought a suit at court against a young woman for slander. He asks for damages, \$25,000. They are wealthy persons. He is E. W. Ludmann, son of a merchant at No. 39 Wall street. She is Miss Mand, daughter of Francis C. Hewitt, a wealthy, at No. 102 Wall street.

"At Long Beach last August," his lawyer, Frank A. Acer, said yesterday, "Miss Hewitt said that Mr. Ludmann was a negro, that he was offensive, that he did not pay his debts, that he was not a proper person to be a guest of the hotel. He was insulted, maltreated, expelled."

Miss Hewitt's lawyer, William F. Mathob, said: "It is blackmail, nothing else. A man suing a respectable young woman for slander—what! He was a pig. Miss Hewitt hardly knew him."

At their home, at No. 102 West Eighty-sixth street, neither Mr. Hewitt nor his daughter consented to receive any one who wished to verify what Mr. Mathob had said.

The incident at Long Beach that Mr. Acer mentioned was the subject of newspaper comment when it occurred, on August 3, Caspar Vandewatering, golf instructor, fought with Ludmann there. The latter was coming out of the surf with Miss Celia Slater when they met. Mrs. Slater had, two days before, asked Ludmann to cease his attentions to her daughter, and when he had replied, Vandewatering, passing by, had exclaimed: "You are not a gentleman!"

Paul K. Ames, receiver of the Long Beach Association, appointed himself, as was his custom, judge of the quarrel. He heard witnesses and gave a decision, the effect of which was Mr. Ludmann's ostracism from Long Beach.

Not Under Civil Service Rules. District Attorney Gardiner has written to the State Civil Service Commission at Albany, informing it that his office employs hold a confidential relation with him and that the commission is overstepping its bounds when it attempts to include under its rules.

"COUSIN OSBORNE" SHOT HIMSELF IN HEADS COAL TRUST.

Combination in Soft Product Practically Consummated.

Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 11.—The Soft Coal Trust, which has been in process of forming for several months, and which came to a standstill pending the return of Senator Hanna from Europe, will be fully consummated to-morrow, according to inside information received here this afternoon.

This combination includes all the coal companies, operators and dealers of the entire Western Pennsylvania field, and the capitalization is to be \$32,000,000. The following firms located here are absorbed in the trust: M. A. Hanna & Co., Osborne, Saeger & Co., Pickands, Mather & Co., Morgan, Moore & Balne, Somers & Co., J. A. Beider & Co., and the Walsh Upstill Coal Co., C. Morris Yongelohengy Gas Coal Company and several smaller concerns.

The thing of great significance in connection with the whole matter is the fact that Frank M. Osborne, who is to be president of this great trust, is a first cousin of President McKinley and a brother of William McKinley Osborne, of Boston, who is now Consul-General at London.

Charles B. Hale, of this city, is to be treasurer and auditor of the trust. A 122. Dan R. Hanna, son of the Senator, did much of the work of organizing, and it is given out that he cleared up a large sum by bringing in some who were not disposed to join the trust.

It is asserted that the powerful influence of the White House was brought to bear in consummating the deal. The Pittsburgh parties who have joined the trust are said to have been anxious to bring it about, and were delighted that the Senator could produce the proper pressure to organize it.

It is believed here that this soft coal trust will be as ironclad as the hard coal trust, which has held the market in its grip for so many years. Pittsburgh coal has an exclusive sale, and there is no coal found in Ohio or further west which can take its place. A combination absolutely controlling its output and sale is one of the greatest things of the kind ever attempted.

EDUCATION PRESIDENT ROBERTSON WANTS THE CRITICISM EXPUNGED. SAYS IT IS FALSE.

Superintendent Resists Effort to Subject His Report to Censorship.

The usually smooth waters of Board of Education affairs were troubled yesterday by some of the committee members from Brooklyn. They scored Superintendent Maxwell in a manner which left no doubt upon the minds of the members as to what the Brooklynites think of Brooklyn schools.

The storm came through the presentation by Superintendent Maxwell of his first annual report on the schools of Greater New York. It criticised the Brooklyn school system.

The manner of conducting the schools in the City of Churches was characterized as injurious. It was said to retard the progress of education. It was said to offer the opportunity of political influence in securing teachers' positions.

The report was not read before the meeting, nor acted upon. It was merely given to the Board to peruse. The Commissioner Charles E. Robertson's eye fell upon the passage referred to, as did that of Commissioner Dresser, of Brooklyn.

Commissioner Robertson, as president of the Brooklyn Borough Board, moved that the report be referred to the Committee on School Systems. He said that the objectionable passage could be expunged and the report be approved.

Superintendent Maxwell opposed the motion and urged his right to make whatever report he deemed necessary. He said he did not propose to have any censorship placed over him.

He took exception to Superintendent Maxwell's report and urged the motion to have the report referred to the Committee on School Systems, because he did not believe any of the charges made in the Brooklyn public schools should be allowed to stand in the records," said President Robertson, later.

"Superintendent Maxwell's statements are entirely untrue," said the Commissioner. "The system of Brooklyn is unsurpassed anywhere in the United States. It has always been the aim of our Board of Education to bring the schools up to the highest standard possible."

The matter was finally referred to the Committee on School Systems, according to the wishes of the majority of the Board.

INSANE AND ARMED MOTHER STARVES HER CHILDREN.

Gerry Agent Gains Entrance to Her Barricaded Home in Time to Save Them.

A woman, hopelessly insane, stood guard over her four little children with an axe, while they slowly starved, not allowing them to go out and foraging any one to come in and feed them. Gerry Agent Persio succeeded with great diplomacy in getting into the flat. Mrs. Meister, with three eyes and a broken head, stood in the middle of the sitting room, with an axe in her hands.

She took her to the Yorkville Police Court and she was held yesterday in charge of insanity. The four wretched, wasted little children were there, too. They were Henry, aged seven, Lizzie, five; Andrew, three, and Caroline, two. Hogan sent the woman to the insane asylum at Bellevue, and the children to the rooms of the City Society. They are ravenously and as if they would never stop when food was given to them.

WOOD ALCOHOL MAY HAVE CAUSED WOMAN'S DEATH.

Bought for Use as a Liniment, the Bottle Is Found Empty Near Her.

Mary Handbode, thirty years old, was found dead in her room at No. 111 West Sixteenth street last evening. On the dresser in the room was an eight ounce bottle which contained wood alcohol. It is supposed that she drank the drug.

The woman was employed as a stenographer and typewriter at the James Construction Company, of Fourteenth street and University place. She was not at work yesterday and had not been seen since Tuesday evening. Last evening Mrs. Matthews, with whom she lived, went to her room. She found the door locked, but entered the room through another entrance, and found her lying across the bed. She had been dead several hours. The wood alcohol had been bought for use as a liniment.

ELIOPERS FIND NEW JERSEY INHOSPITABLE.

Young Woman Insists on Minister of Her Own Denomination, Who Can't Be Found.

Vineland, N. J., Oct. 11.—Robert H. Lukes, of New York, and Miss P. F. Moore, of Port Kennedy, Pa., arrived here to-day on matrimony bent. Miss Moore refused to go to any of the clergymen here because none was of her denomination. Mayor Lord refused to marry them because they were non-residents of the State and had no marriage license.

Miss Moore, who was recognized by a guest of the hotel here, has excellent family connections in Philadelphia, where her father resides, but has lately been living with her grandmother at Port Kennedy. Lukes is a brother of G. B. Lukes, the cartoonist, of New York. They left Vineland to-night on the north-bound train for Baltimore.

PRISONERS AT LARGE; BAIL BONDS FORGED.

Queens District-Attorney Makes a Startling Discovery in the Davis Robbery Case.

Stuart Robinson, of No. 190 West Eighty-first street, and J. W. Hertz, of No. 7 First street, Manhattan, were yesterday summoned before District-Attorney George W. Davidson, of Queens Borough, in Long Island City, on an order issued by a Supreme Court judge to either produce John Pomeroy and Samuel Brown, or forfeit the \$2,000 bail bond given by each for the appearance of these men.

Pomeroy and Brown were indicted for robbing W. D. Davis, a Paterson (N. J.) saloon keeper, of \$200 in a room in a hotel in Rockaway Beach July 17 last. Judge Hertz admitted them to bail on August 28.

Robert and Hertz declared that they had not gone on the bond for the prisoners, and established the fact that the signatures on the instrument had been forged.

Matthews and Williams to Fight.

Matty Matthews has been matched to meet Thomas Williams, of Australia, in a twenty-five round bout before the Monarch Athletic Club, at Louisville, on October 16.

HOW FUNSTON ENDS WAR.

"If They Only Turn Wheaton or Lawton Loose," He Says, "the Trouble Will Soon Be Over." Cavalry Needed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 11.—"If they would only turn Wheaton or Lawton loose for a while and give them a chance to do something there would soon be an end of the trouble in the Philippines. As it is now, and as it has been for months, those men have been tied up, and although the little they have been able to do has been well done, it has not been of permanent value."

Thus spoke General Frederick Funston to-day as he planned a bit of yellow cloth that looked like a sunflower on his plain blue blouse, tossed his cap over to a table in the cabin of the transport Tarrar, and settled himself in a comfortable corner to tell what he knows and thinks about the conduct of the campaign in the Luzon.

"What about General Otis? Well, that's a matter that I wouldn't like to say much about. I don't want to say anything in praise of his methods of campaign in so far as I saw them, and I do not consider it the proper thing to criticize them."

Matter of Property. "It is not that I have any fear of being taken to task by the department, but there are little proprieties in the military service which should be looked after, and one of those concerns the manner in which a soldier speaks of his superior officer. I know that many officers have severely criticized the methods of General Otis. There are a number of things in the management of the campaign that some of us did not like. But just put me down as having declined to praise the management of the campaign, or criticize it."

Simple Thing to Settle. "It will be a good thing if they get them there as rapidly as the transports can sail, unless they lose them all as they lost those mules the other day. With between 3,000 and 4,000 cavalry and the troops now there and on the way, it might be a simple thing to settle the whole affair."

"What's that? They're talking of sending Miles and Merritt to the Philippines? Why, there is no need of doing that. There are a number of the general officers there now, and they can handle the affair if they get a chance."

"There's Wheaton, a fine type of the soldier. He is very all through, and he wins his battles, too, although he doesn't count on it as a soldier. He is a man of the east of life or ammunition to do it. He just simply pitches in an takes chances."

"MacArthur is probably the most capable General in the field there. He is well liked and has made an excellent reputation."

Why They Are Handicapped. "What seems to be the reason that Wheaton, Lawton and MacArthur are not permitted to do something?"

"General Funston smiled, shrugged his shoulders and remarked simply and significantly: 'Well, you know.'"

"The Kanis have always shies at questions about his famous affair on the Bagbag and in the stream near Calumpit."

"Oh, that didn't amount to much," he said. "The newspapers had a whole lot about it, and they got it straight as far as the facts went, but they brushed it up."

"MacArthur is probably the most capable General in the field there. He is well liked and has made an excellent reputation."

Canal Company Wants More Time. Expect Government to Help It Secure Extension of Contract.

Washington, Oct. 11.—The Nicaragua Canal project became a live issue at the State Department to-day when the officials were informed that the Maritime Canal Company, inspired by a certain proposition of stockholders, announced its intention of insisting upon an extension of the time limit of the contract between the company and Nicaragua.

Representations are being made looking to enlisting the United States Government in the request of the company that its concessions be not declared lapsed by the Nicaraguan Government.

Under the terms of the contract the Maritime Company is privileged to secure an extension of it can show that certain causes delayed the work on the canal and made it impossible to conclude the work in the original specified time. The Nicaragua Government has not been friendly to the company for several years, and its attitude is against the extension of the contract.

It had been thought here for some months that the Maritime Company would go quietly out of business when its concessions expired, on the theory that most of its large stockholders had been taken into the Grace-Cragin-Kyle syndicate.

The sympathies of representatives in Congress are said to be fairly divided as between the relative rights of the original company and of the new company which seeks to acquire possession of the route as soon as the old company has been eliminated.

The subject will undoubtedly receive the serious attention of Congress, and a strong effort will probably be made to divide interference by this Government in the interest of the Maritime Canal Company.

One of the highest officials in the State Department said to-day to the Journal that it could safely be assumed that the United States Government would eventually control the canal absolutely. This official was stating his view of the intention of the Administration and forecasting the action of Congress. This opinion is shared by the Navy Department officials.

HEAD "ANGEL DANCER" THE ONLY ONE CONVICTED. Huntsman T. Manson Found Guilty at Paterson of All "Lord's Farm" Troubles.

Huntsman T. Manson, head of the "Angel Dancers," was convicted by a jury at Hackensack yesterday of "Keeping a disorderly house."

The jury considered that Manson was the sole cause of the troubles at the mysterious "Lord's Farm." It acquitted Garret Storms, alias "Triton," John McManock, alias "John the Baptist," and Mary Storms, alias "Blandina," who were indicted with Manson.

AGED WOMAN ASLEEP; CANNOT BE AROUSED.

Semi-Conscious at Times, but Unable to Recognize Any One.

NERVES ARE PARALYZED.

Doctor's Say the Malady Is Caused by Indigestion and a Weak Heart.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 11.—Mrs. Anna McCullough, wife of Henry McCullough, of No. 222 Pearl street, Somerville, has been in a sound sleep since September 24. The doctors who have seen her all say that it is the most peculiar case that has ever come to their view. They call it paralysis of the nerves, brought on by indigestion and a weak heart.

While on a visit to her son September 22, Mrs. McCullough, who is sixty-two years of age, was seized with the first attack of this kind. After an hour of hard work she was aroused.

Mrs. McCullough went to her home in the morning. About 7:30 o'clock at night she retired. Scarcely had she lain down when she fell into the unconscious state in which she still remains. Everything possible has been done to awaken her without avail.

Mrs. McCullough becomes semi-conscious at times, and raises her hand as if in the act of knocking off a fly, but has not been able to recognize any one.

Pedlars Do Not Need Licenses. President Joseph M. Deuel, of the Board of City Magistrates, has written a long letter to Mayor Van Wyck in which he says that by the new charter the Magistrates have no power to punish persons who peddle without a license.

"That may be right," said Funston. "I never saw him there. However, I wouldn't like to say that he was not on the firing line. He may have been there at some time when I did not see him. And then, also, he may not have been on the Kansas firing line."

"Oh, by the way, I want to speak of the Commissary Department. It is the best that an army ever had in this country or in any country. It is simply perfect. During the whole time the Kansas Regiment was in the field the men missed only two meals."

"And a word about the newspaper correspondents. They are entitled to the greatest credit. They did not sit in Manila and get their information from the headquarters there, but were always right on the front. In speaking of the men now, they were a few women there who said more like camp followers and nurses. They ought to be kept out of the country. It's no place for them."

Discharge System Wrong. "I have heard the reports about General Otis's alleged efforts to keep the discharged soldiers out of business in the Philippines, but I doubt that there is any truth in it. I do know, however, that the men complain bitterly about the system of discharge in Manila."

"No soldier should be discharged there, and thereby lose his trade pay. I consider that a hideous outrage. It is a disgrace to the army when that system was originated."

"When a regiment has completed its service in the Philippines it should be sent home in whole or in detachments. That would be advantageous in the line of discipline, and it would not deprive the men of about a month's allowance."

"About my future movements, I can say nothing definitely. I will immediately inform General Shafter and the War Department of my arrival and will remain here until I am advised about other duties."

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AMHERST COLLEGE'S NEW PRESIDENT INSTALLED. Heads of Yale, Harvard, Columbia and Other Great Schools Attend the Ceremony.

Amherst, Mass., Oct. 1.—President George Harris was inaugurated as head of Amherst College to-day in College Hall. The exercises opened with a prayer by Rev. Dr. Egbert G. Smyth, followed by the singing of "Hail, Alma Mater," by the college glee club. Rev. E. Winchester Donald, rector of Trinity Church, of Boston, for the trustees, presented the charter, seal and keys of the college to President Harris. This was followed by President Harris's address.

President and Mrs. Harris gave a reception at their home afterward. Among the college presidents in attendance were C. W. Eliot, of Harvard; Arthur T. Bailey, of Yale; Seth Low, of Columbia; W. J. Rust, of Dartmouth; Franklin Carter, of Williams; William F. Warren, of Boston University; L. Clark Seelye, of Smith; Miss Caroline Hazard, of Wellesley, and Mrs. Elizabeth S. Mend, of Mount Holyoke.

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